

Framing Questions including wh' Questions Introgative

### 2. 'Wh' Questions

ऐसे Questions जिनका answer 'yes' or 'no' में देना सम्भव न हो, वे Generally 'wh' शब्द से आरम्भ होते हैं। इसलिए इन्हें 'wh' question कहते हैं।

- We use question words: What (क्या), Which (कौन-सी), Who (कौन), Whom (किसको), Whose (किसको), how (कैसे), When (कब), Where (कहाँ), And 'Why' (क्यों), to ask the facts.
- We form the 'wh' questions with the verbs 'be', have, 'do' or the other helping verbs.

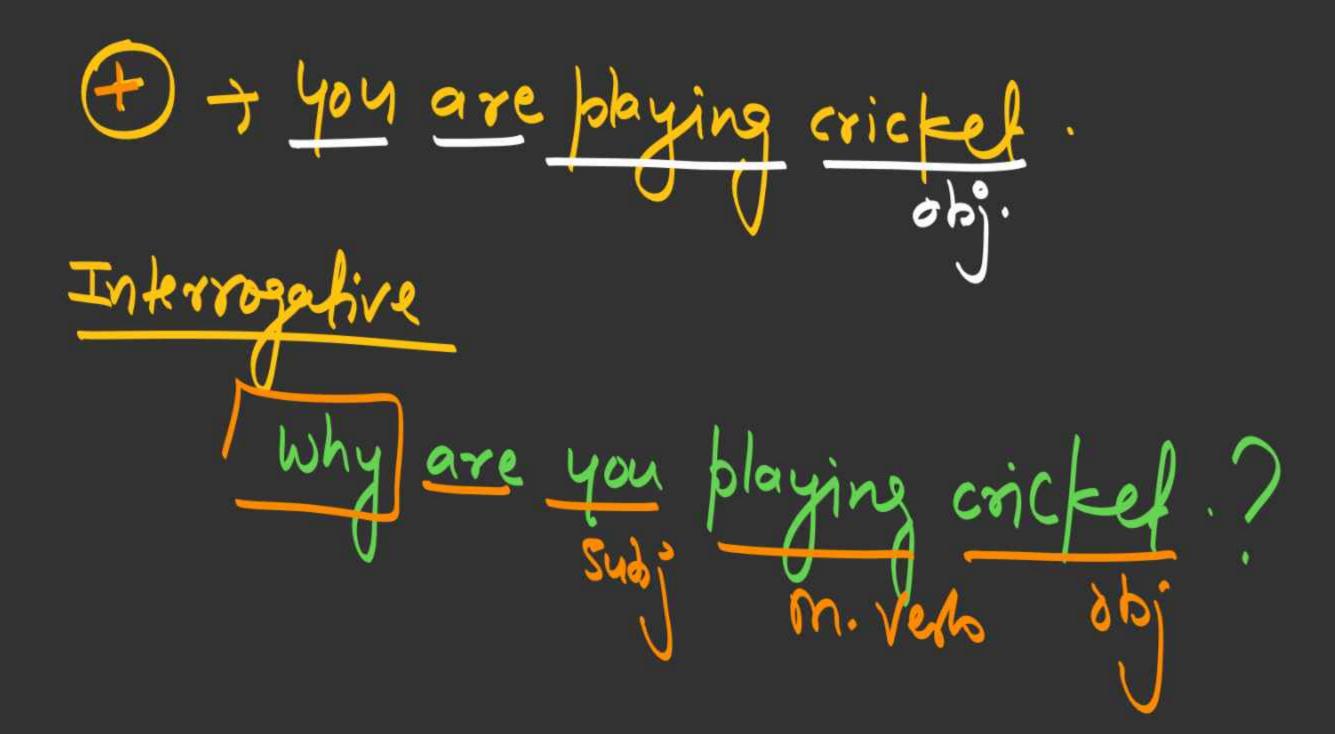
- া 'Wh' questions কা structure: 'Wh' word + helping verb + subject + main verb.
- 🗢 'Wh' प्रश्न information प्रश्न कहलाते हैं।

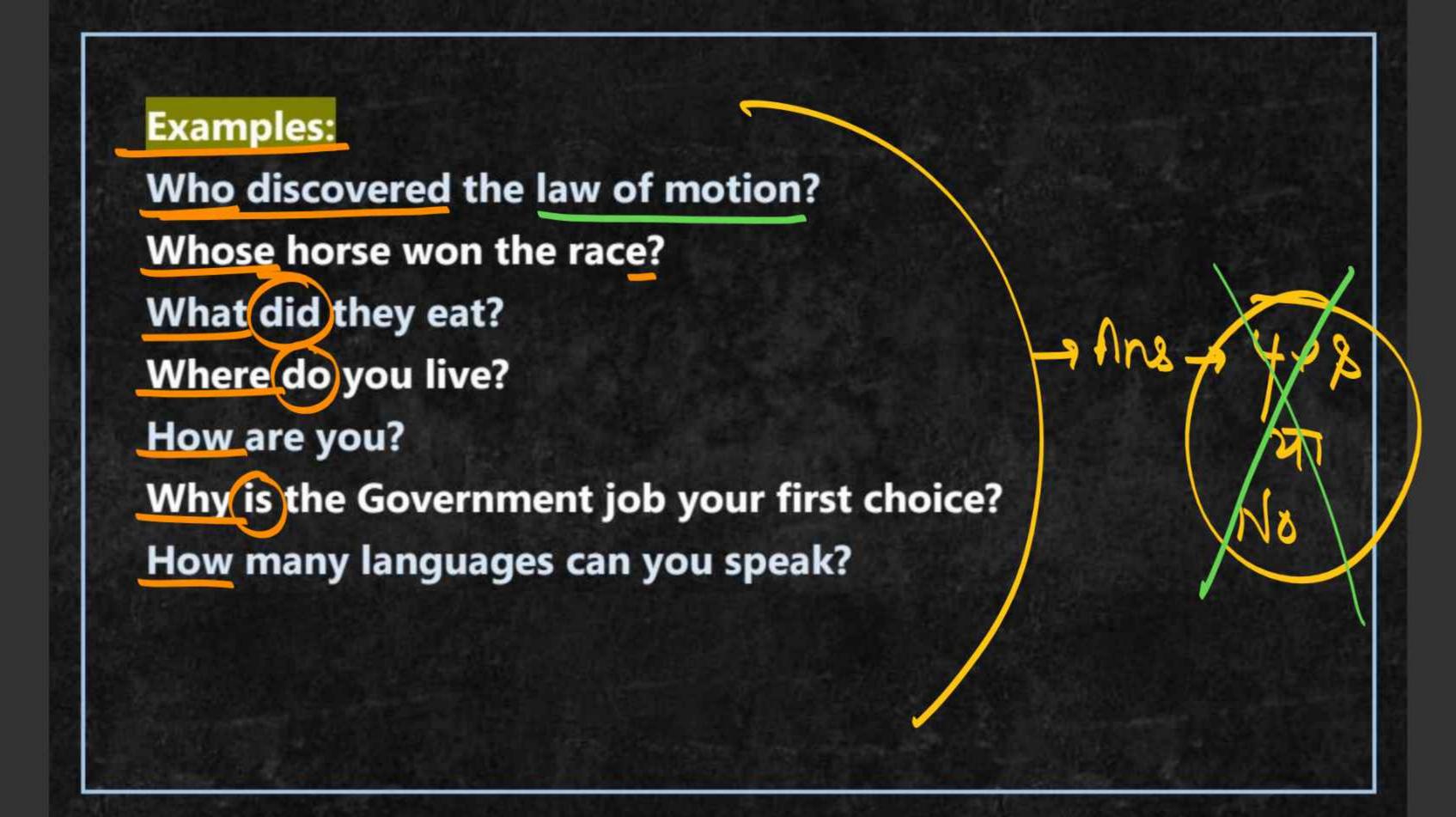
Positive sentence

Subject + Helping redo + main verb + object.

Interrogative

Question word + Helping reals + subject main verb





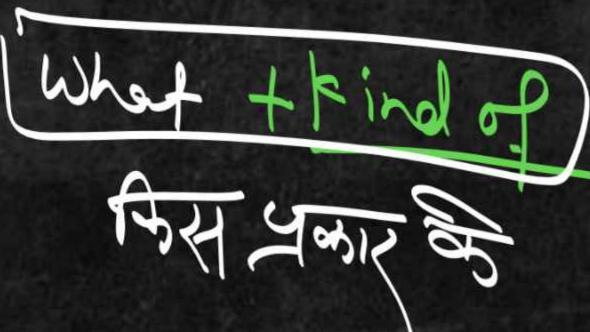
## 3. Framing 'wh' Questions

Questions beginning with what': प्रश्नों में kind of के पूर्व what

**Examples:** 

What kind of boy are your? What kind of movie do you watch?

What kind of work is done here?



में 'what' का प्रयोग करते हैं।

जिन questions का answers 'क्या' पर आधारित हो उन 'questions'

**Examples:** 

What did they eat?

What paper do you read?

What time does the train arrive?

What is Neha eating?

What did he buy?

What is your name?

(II) Questions beginning with 'which': कुछ questions में one (s) या 'of' के पूर्व 'which' का प्रयोग किया जाता है।

**Examples:** 

Which of you would like to come first?

Which book is Mohan reading?

which is your book. ?

किसी town, city, country या direction के बारे में पूछे गये प्रश्न के लिए 'which' का प्रयोग किया जाता है।

### **Examples:**

Which direction the thief has gone?

Which city is most populated in Uttar Pradesh?

Which is the birth place of lord Krishna?

Which train goes to Jaipur?'

#### NOTE

लेकिन किसी व्यक्ति के job profession या position के विषय में पूछते समय 'what' का प्रयोग किया जा सकता है।

What is your father? A Scientist or an IAS officer?

## 4. Affirmative/Negative sentence से question बनाना

(1) By using 'who' दिये हुए sentence से 'who से आरम्भ होने वाले question बनाने के लिए sentence के subject की जगह पर 'who' लगाकर उस वाक्य को पुनः लिख देते हैं।

Sentence Question

Ravi is calling you. Who is calling you?

Madhu is my best friend. Who is your best friend?

Vinod is monitor of your class. Who is monitor of your class?

(II) By using 'which' : दिये गये वाक्य के आरम्भ में, 'which' लगाकर (object + helping verb तथा शेष sentence में noun/pronoun आवश्यकतानुसार बदलकर लिखते हैं :

Sentence

This is my books

Vijayshree is reading the

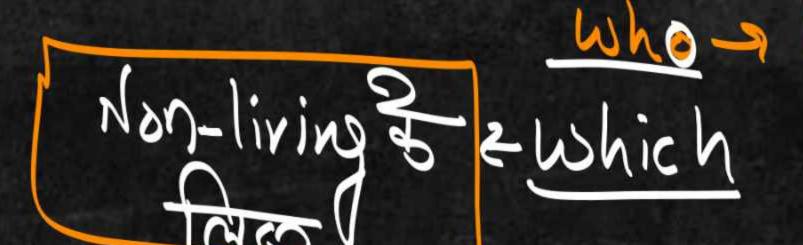
book 'The Arabian Night'.

Question

Which book is yours?

Which book is Vijayshree

reading?



(III) By using 'what': What से Question बनाने के लिए sentence के आरम्भ में 'what' लिखकर फिर helping verb लिखते हैं। इसके पश्चात् आवश्यकतानुसार pronoun को परिवर्तित कर शेष sentence लिख देते हैं:

Sentence

Her name is Sudha.

It is 9 o'clock.

Something is wrong with me.

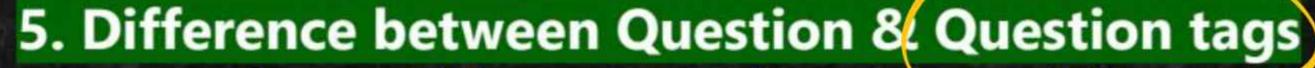
Question

What is her name?

What time is it?

What is wrong with me?

(IV) By using where' : 'स्थान' से सम्बन्धित question में 'where' का प्रयोग होता है। अतः दिये हुए वाक्यों में 'स्थान' सूचक words को हटाकर आरम्भ में 'where' लिख देते हैं तथा शेष वाक्य की आवश्यकतानुसार बदलकर लिख देते I live in Delhi. Where do you live. 7



Questions पूर्ण वाक्य होते हैं तथा इनका प्रयोग स्वतन्त्र रूप से किया जाता है। जबकि Question Tags का प्रयोग स्वतन्त्र रूप से नहीं किया जाता है। ये किसी वाक्य के अन्त में प्रयोग किये जाते हैं। का

### **RULES & PATTERNS**

(1) Anomalous finite + Subject?

Anomalous finite + n't + Subject?

Remember the contracted forms (संक्षिप्त रूप) of Anomalous

Finites-

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Verb to 'be'
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Verb to 'do'

Verb to 'have'

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Modal verb
will + not ⇒ won't
can + not ⇒ can't
should + not ⇒ shouldn't
may + not ⇒ mayn't
ought + not ⇒ oughtn't
used + not ⇒ usedn't
need + not ⇒ needn't
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shall + not ⇒ shan't

would + not ⇒ wouldn't

could + not ⇒ couldn't

might + not ⇒ mightn't

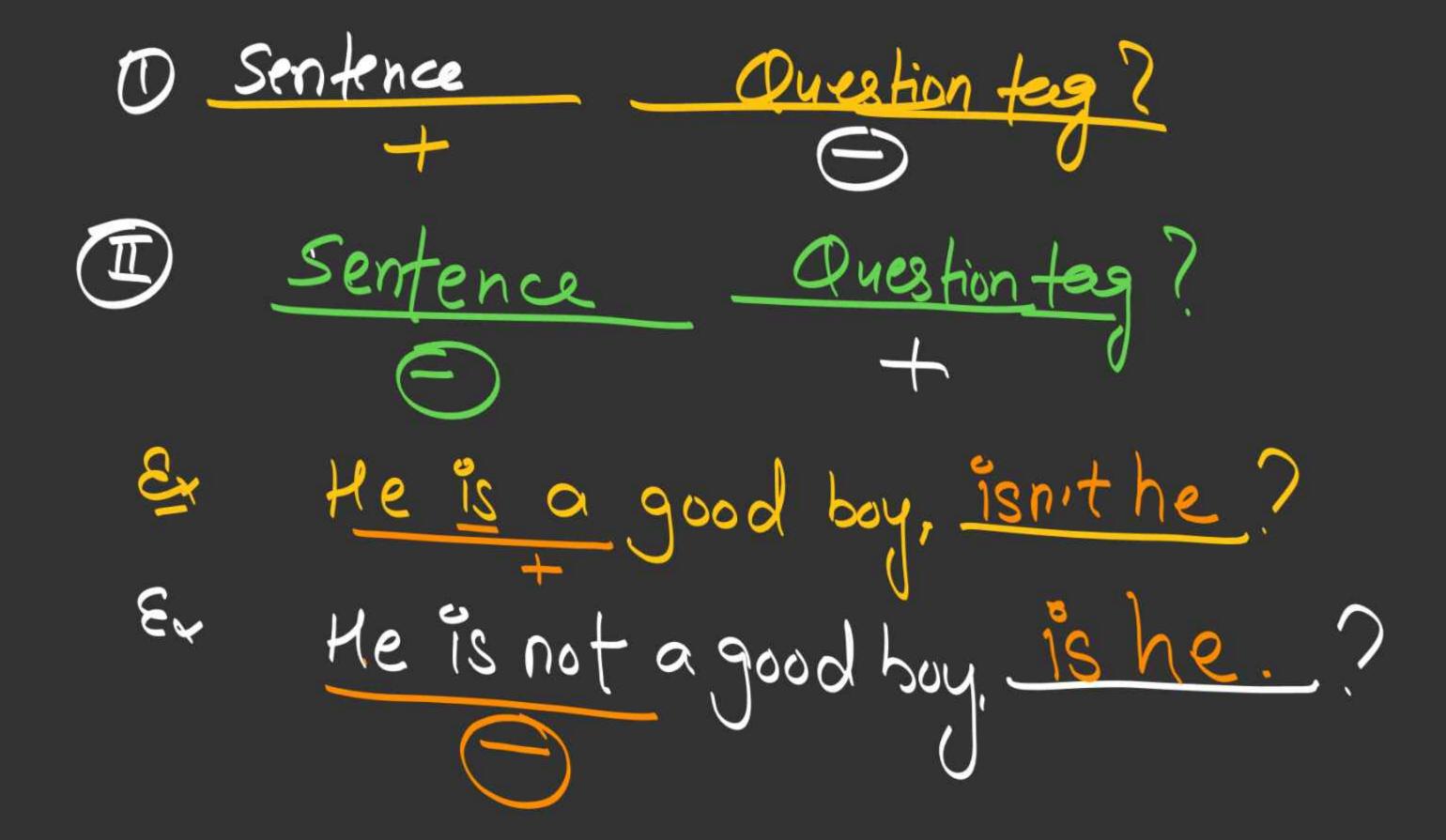
must + not ⇒ mustn't

dare + not ⇒ daren't
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Q. He has eaten food. arent he?

am 1 3 / is not you?

Condon they D kasnot he?



En you have done it. havenit you.? Ex I donot watch t.V. doI Er mohan has two Gars. harrit he doesn't had They had plucked it had not they Ex the was not running fast. was he?

I have a pen. Negative I have no pen. I donot have a ben. He has a ben Neg 7 the downot have a fen. 1. Change the following sentence into a question beginning with what "We are planning a picnic."

(A) What are your tour?

(B) What is about your tour?

(C) What are you planning for?

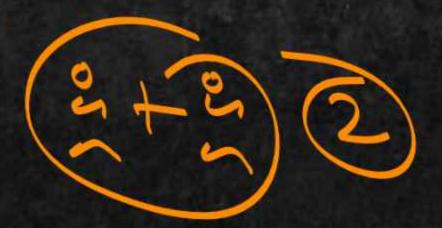
(D) What have you done?

Directions: Choose appropriate question based on the

sentences given:

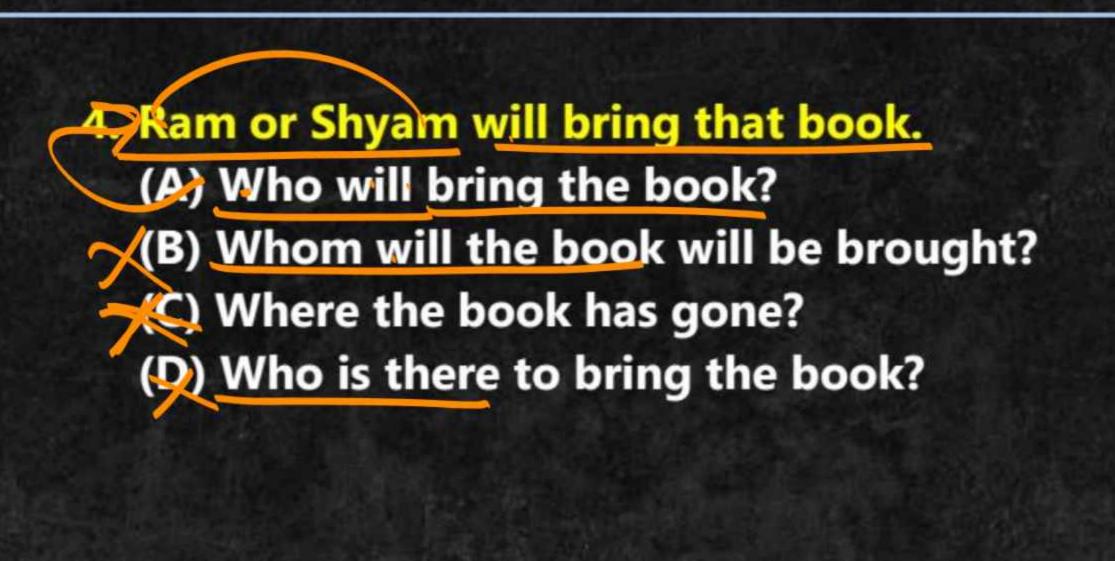
2. Neha and Vinod are going to London

- (A) Where did Neha and Vinod goes?
- (B) Where are Neha and Vinod going?
- (C) Where is Neha and Vinod are going?
  - (D) Where did Neha and Vinod went?



- 3. Radha told me about this accident.
  - (A) Who told you about this accident?
  - (3) Who is told you the accident?
  - (C) Who is the person, telling you the accident?
  - (D) What is told you about the accident?

is amlare + verbing



Directions: Pick out one of question word in the blanks from the alternatives given

- 5. '..... Happened?' 'A truck broke down and blocked
  - the road'.
  - (A) What
  - (B) Why
  - (C) Which
  - (D) When

- 6. '...did you get here?' 'About ten O'clock'.
  - (A) Whom
  - (B) When
- (C) What (D) Why

# 7. '..... his mother speak Hindi and English?'

- (A) Does
- (B) Do /
- (C) Why
- (D) How

When Helping Verb

8. '..... did they get here?' 'We came by bus'.

- (A) What
- (B) Whom
- (C) Where
- How

9. '..... should I send the letter to ?' 'Sent it to the principal'.

(A) Whom — (B) Where — (C) Why — (D) How —

10. '..... bike is this'? 'Abhishek I think'. (A) Whom

(B) How-(C) Where (B) Whose