

# Figure of speech.

## figure of speech

भाव

simile, Personification

#### Simile

- 1. इसमें अलग-अलग तरह की ऐसी दो वस्तुओं का comparison किया जाता है जिनमें कम-से-कम एक चीज समान हो।
- Simile प्रायः as, like या so जैसे words से आरम्भ होती है।

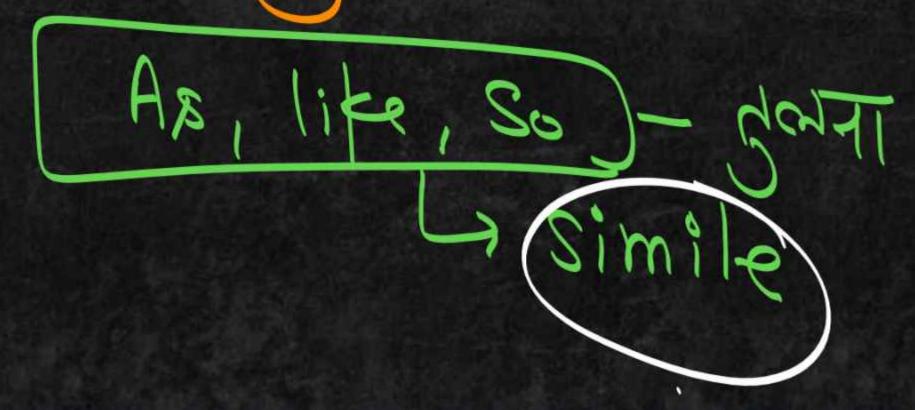


1. Life is like a dream.



2. The night is dark as a black stone.

3. I wandered lonely as a cloud.



**Metaphor** 

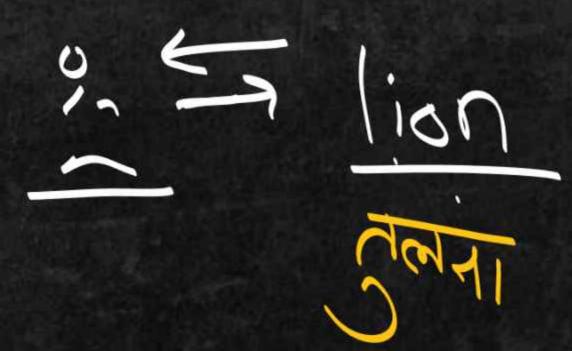
रूपक (metaphor) में तुलना की जाने वाली बातों को एक मान लिया जाता है तथा तुलना पकट करने वाले शब्दों-'as', 'so', अथवा 'like' का प्रयोग नहीं किया जाता है।

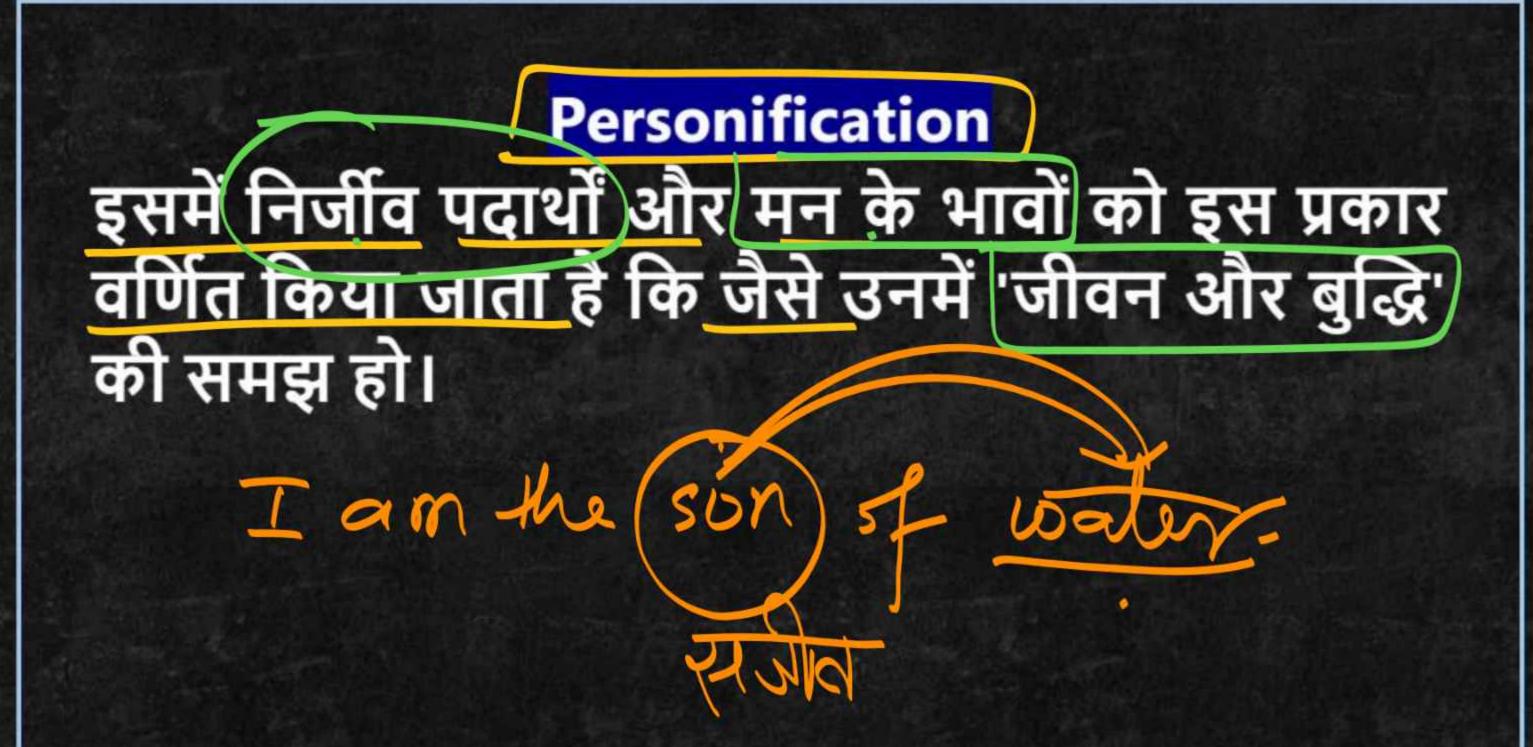




- 1. Sardar Patel was a man of iron will.
- 2. Lala Lajpat Rai was the lion of the Punjab.
- 3. Life is a dream.











- 1. Experience is the best teacher.
- 2. Death lays his icy hands on kings.
- 3. Authority forgets a dying king.

Apostrophe

कभी-कभी निर्जीव पदार्थों की सजीव प्राणी के रूप में सम्बोधित किया जाता है। इसी को 'Appostrophe' (सम्बोधन) कहते हैं। यह अलंकार मानवीकरण (Personification) का विशेष रूप है।

#### **Examples:**

- 1. O Death! Where is thy sting?
- 2. Milton, thou should'st be living at this hour.
- 3. O Friend! I know not which way I must look for comfort.
- 4. Roll on, thou deep and dark blue Ocean......
  Roll!

Hyperbole

इसमें statement को अधिक बढ़ा-चढ़ाकर कहने से emphatic बना देते हैं।

#### **Examples:**

- 1. Their chief was mountain high.
- 2. They were swifter than eagles.
- 3. Belinda smiled and all the world was gay.

### Oxymoron

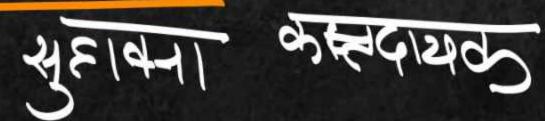
यह अलंकार antithesis (विरोध या प्रतिपक्षता) का विशेष रूप है। इसमें दो परस्पर विरोधी गुण एक ही समय एक ही वस्तु के लिए व्यक्त किये जाते हैं।

महारा सरमा



- 1. Love is bitter sweet.

  2. James I was the wisest fool.
- 3. A pleasing pain of love.





Onomatopoeia

यह एक ऐसा अलंकार है जो उस वस्तु या क्रिया की ध्वनि का अनुकरण करता है जिसे वह सन्दर्भित करता है।

4) Animala Sound

Examples: Mail

- 1. Grunt, grunt goes the hog.
- 2. Dogs bark. >> 31151111
- 3. I heard the humming of bees.

#### **Antithesis**

यह एक ऐसा अलंकार है जो विचारों या विरोधाभास के रस को संदर्भित करता है अर्थात् शब्दों या वाक्यांशों के दो समूह के बीच कुछ विरोधाभास होता है, लेकिन वे एक-दूसरे के विपरीत सन्तुलित होते हैं।



- 1. To err is human to forgive divine.
- 2. Man proposes, God disposes.
- 3. He had his gist, and they had his estate.



Irony It is a figure of speech in which the real meaning is exactly the opposite of that which is literally conveyed, e.g. ाला जार्स है। "A fire station that burns down". In this sentence, situational irony has been used.



- 1 "The moon veiled her face" has \_\_\_\_\_ figure of speech.
  - (1) apostrophe ⊀
  - (2) personification
  - (3) metonymy
  - (4) antithesis X

- 2 "O solitude! where are the charms?" These lines have which figure of speech?
  - (1) Hyperbole
  - (2) Alliteration
- (3) Apostrophe
  - (4) Simile

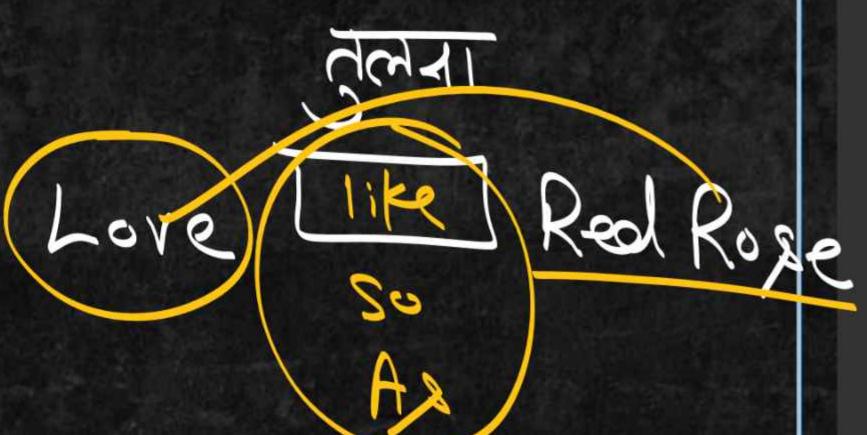
3 This lines " O my love is like a red, red rose that's newly sprung in June" contain which figure of speech?

(1) Personification

(2) Metaphor

(3) Simile

(4) Apostrophe

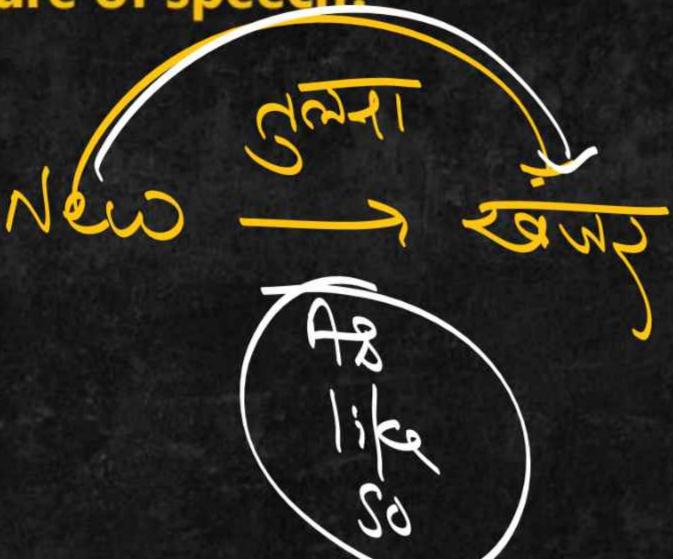


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4 "The news was a dagger to his heart" these lines contain which figure of speech?

Metaphor

- (2) Antitheses
- (3) Metonymy
- (4) Oxymoron



5 Name the figure of speech, "swiftly flies the feathered death".

4 -

- (1) Apostrophe 火
- (2) Simile メ
- (3) Oxymoron
- (4) Metaphor

6 Name the figure of speech, <u>Sweet Thames!</u> run softly till I end my song.

- (1) Personification
- (2) Synecdoche
- Apostrophe
  - (4) Irony

7 Which figure of speech does the following line contain?

His honour rooted in dishonour stood.

- (1) Epigram
- (2) Metaphor
- 13) Irony
- (4) Oxymoron

- 8 Charity Suffereth long and is kind.' Which figure of speech does this line contain?
  - (1) Metaphor头 (元对于
- \_(2) Simile 火
  - (3) Personification
    - (4) Hyperbole X

9 Points out the Figure of Speech used in the following sentence:

Integrity is the backbone of character.

- (A) Simile 火
- (B) Metaphor
  - (C) ApostropheX
  - (D) Oxymoron